



LAND AVAILABILITY AS A LIMIT TO CLIMATE ADAPTION IN THE ENERGY AND FOOD SECTOR: NEW APPROACHES TO OVERCOME LAND USE CONFLICTS

Julia Oberdörffer, Nana Karlstetter, Ulrich Scheele
ARSU (GmbH), University of Oldenburg, Germany
Ustroń 2nd – 4th of October 2012

northwest2050 – sectors and areas



Sectoral approach:

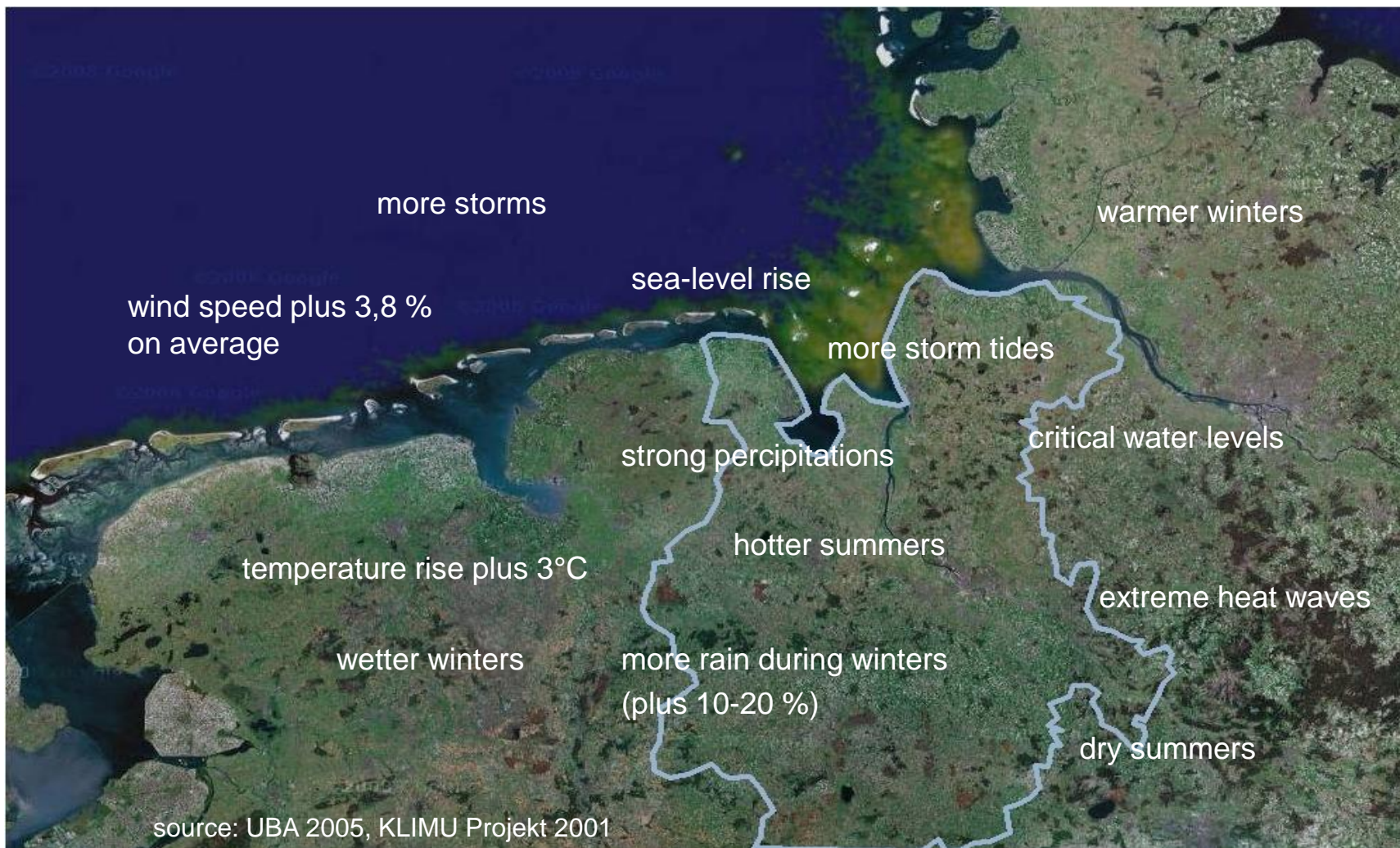
- Energy
- Agriculture
- Harbor and logistics

Climate adaptation innovation paths:

- Regulation of land use conflicts
- Transformation in energy and agricultural sector

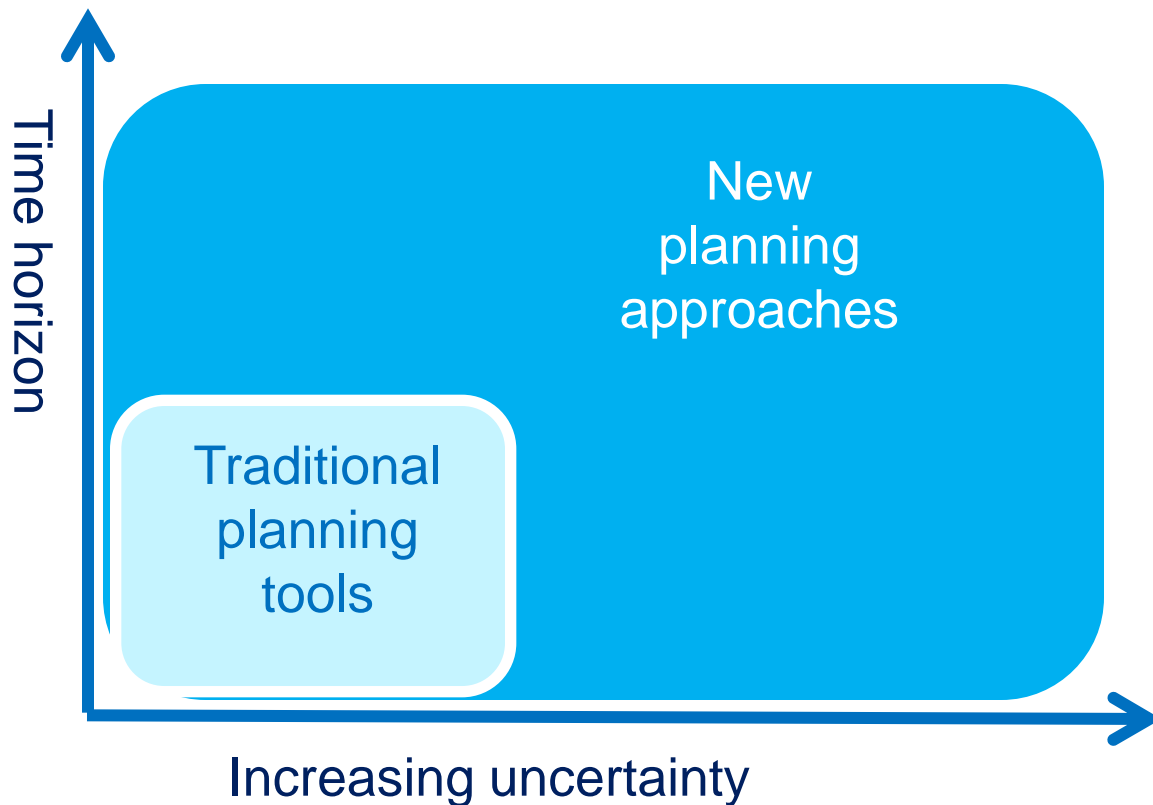


Climate impacts until 2100



SPONSORED BY THE

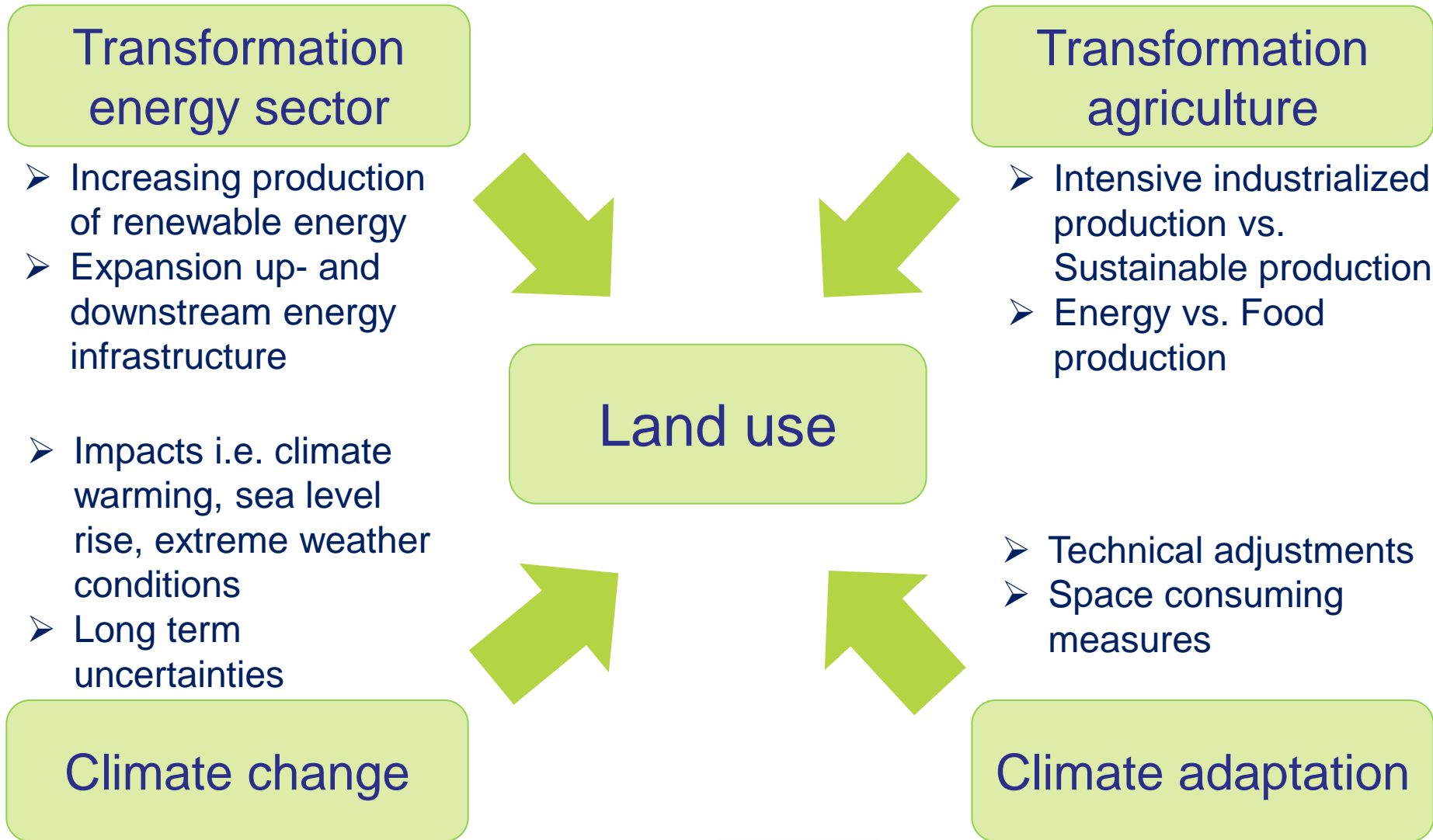
Challenges facing climate change and adaptation: planning perspective



- understanding and managing complexity and uncertainty is greatest challenge
- Traditional linear planning and decision making methods are unlikely to be effective
- Mismatches between long-term uncertainties and short time planning horizons cause problems for climate adaptation measures

Figure: Biggs et al. 2011, modified

Challenges facing climate change and adaptation: land use perspective



First conclusions....

- These so far described transformation processes and challenges have direct or indirect impacts on land use
- Local and regional stakeholders face a high complexity of issues that span across spatial, temporal, institutional, sector and thematic boundaries
- Risk to make decisions that may be wrong in future under the perspective of climate change and climate adaptation measures
- Need to capture the complexity and reveal feasible options for specific cases in a methodical approach and support local and regional stakeholders

SPONSORED BY THE

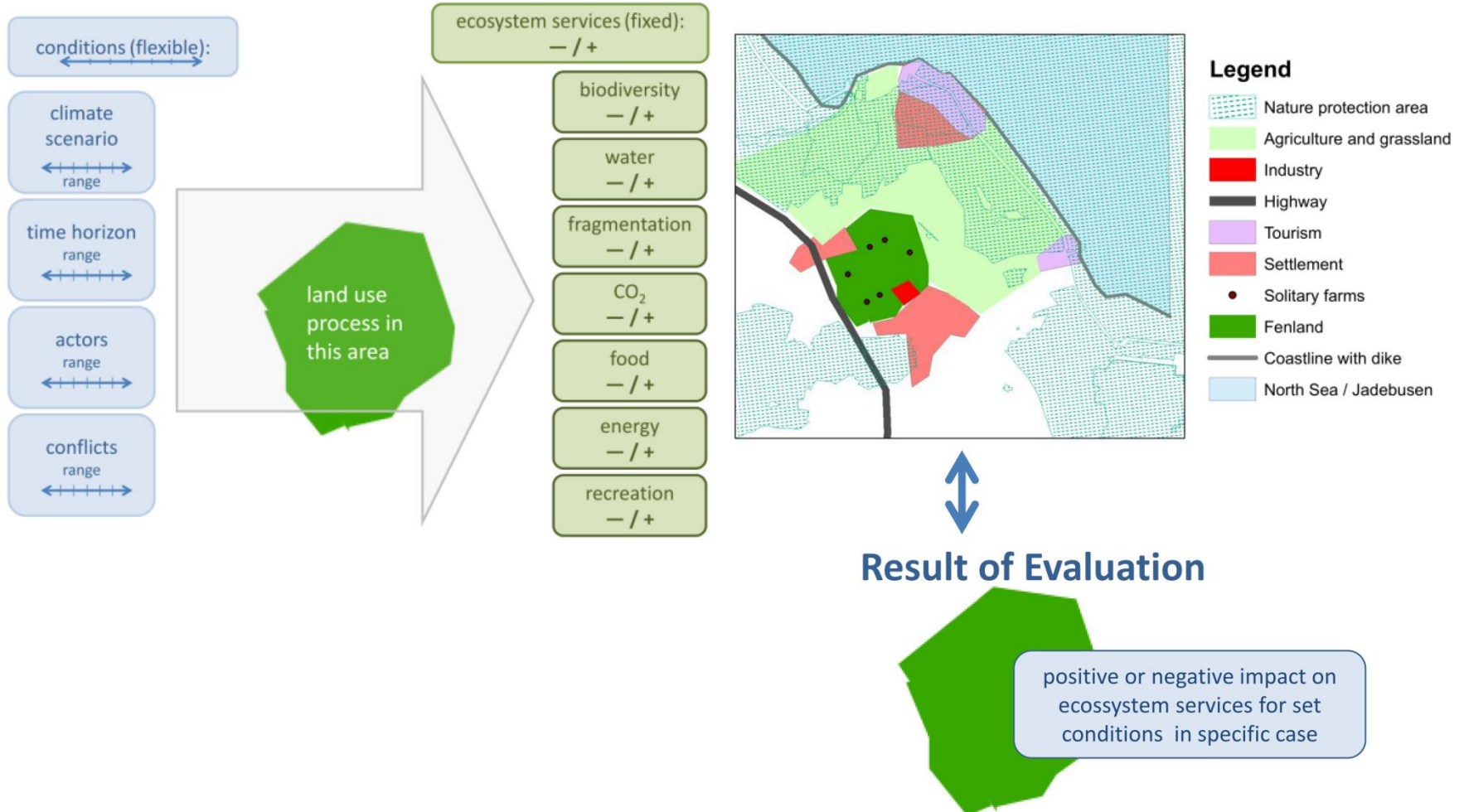
Methodical approach I: Ecosystem services

- With the decision on changing land use the ecological value of the land is affected either positive or negative
- Ecosystems and natural resources provide material, non-material, supporting, regulating and cultural services
- aim is to look at land the way that ecosystem services for climate adaptation are secured
- Show local and regional stakeholders long term consequences for ecosystem services in respect to climate adaptation and integrate them into decisions on land use
- Ecosystem services as one methodical approach for the definition of indicators

Methodical approach II: development of indicators

Evaluation Matrix

GeoInformationSystem



Conclusions and next steps ...

- climate adaptation issues require flexible and adjustable dealing with uncertainty and changing conditions → focus on flexible, temporal or multifunctional land use
- The tool allows to describe where problems could arise if certain decisions were made
- Helps to discuss land use decisions under the perspective of climate mitigation and climate adaptation
- values ecosystem services and their role in adaptation process to climate change
- Next step is to fill the methodical approach with life

Thank you!

Julia Oberdörffer, Ulrich Scheele
The Regional Planning and Environmental
Research Group Oldenburg (ARSU)
Escherweg 1
26121 Oldenburg
Tel. +49-(0)441-97174-96
oberdoerffer@arsu.de
scheele@arsu.de

Nana Karlstetter
Carl von Ossietzky Universität Oldenburg
Department of Business Administration,
Economics, and Law
Ammerländer Heerstr. 114-118
26129 Oldenburg
Tel. +49-(0)441-798-4967
nana.karlstetter@uni-oldenburg.de